



## 150cc Extra 300SP ARF Instruction Manual



Congratulations and thank you for purchasing the Performance Aircraft Unlimited 123" Extra 300SP! The Extra is arguably one of the most renowned aerobatic aircraft ever produced. Walter Extra, who designed the original Extra, named his aircraft by the horsepower rating of the motor placed in them. The Extra 300SP is one of the newest releases in full scale and now R/C use.

Our aircraft was designed with 2,694sq inches of wing area while keeping the total weight to a minimum. Whether you want an aircraft precise enough to compete in IMAC or 3D until you're airsick, the PAU Extra fits the bill. Its light weight gives you the stability in high-alpha to take it to the extremes of the flight envelope. If tumbling maneuvers are your thing, our Extra 300sp will deliver with picture perfect waterfalls and blistering tip spins that are not for the faint of heart.

We believe you will find this to be one of the finest flying aircraft on the market. Most modelers will find assembly of this aircraft simple and straightforward. We recommend the builder follow the step-by-step instructions to achieve the best performance and to ensure nothing was over looked. This manual also includes tip sections throughout that may help you in key areas during assembly. Please familiarize yourself with this manual before assembly.

**This manual is broken down into ten chapters for simplicity:**

**Chapter 1** - Parts Inventory

**Chapter 2** - Preparation for Assembly

**Chapter 3** - Landing Gear and Tail Wheel Assemblies

**Chapter 4** - Canopy and Fuselage Hatch

**Chapter 5** - Engine Installation

**Chapter 6** - Cowling installation

**Chapter 7** - Rudder Installation

**Chapter 8** - Hardware Installation

**Chapter 9** - Radio and Control Surface Setup

**Chapter 10** - Final Inspection and Pre-Flight

**Additional items needed to complete this aircraft, which are not included:**

- An engine, within the recommend range, and propeller
- 8 channel computer radio and receiver recommended
- Batteries and switches (with regulators if using Ion batteries)
- Six aileron servos rated at least at 150oz of torque
- Four elevator servos rated at least at 200oz of torque each
- Two or three rudder servos rated at least at 800oz of torque combined
- One throttle servo with push rod and links
- Optional choke servo with push rod and links
- One fueling dot or fueling device
- 3 to 4 feet of fuel tubing
- Foam rubber
- 5" inch spinner (The prototype aircraft has a No Limitz 5" Ultimate style spinner)
- 30 to 45 minute epoxy
- A bottle of thin CA
- Covering iron
- Various modeling tools for assembly
- ½ inch low tack masking tape

Using fewer servos then specified will not be covered under warranty! This is a large aircraft with very large control surfaces that require better than average servos.

As with any aircraft this size, more care needs to be taken when flying. The faster the speed of the aircraft, the higher load that can be imposed through extreme control inputs. Any maneuvers requiring full elevator input, such as walls and parachutes, should be done at a low to moderate speed. **Watch your speed!** Having said that, the Extra is a very well-behaved aircraft that will surely impress with its aerobatic capability.

# Chapter 1

## Parts inventory

Place an “x” to ensure your kit is complete:

- 1 Fuselage
- 1 Fuselage access hatch
- 2 Wing panels (1 right and 1 left)
- 2 Horizontal stabilizers (1 right and 1 left)
- 1 Rudder
- 1 Fiberglass Cowl
- 1 Pair of fiberglass wheel pants
- 1 Main landing gear
- 1 Pair of 4.5” Dubro Light wheels
- 1 Tail wheel and tiller assembly
- 1 Canopy
- 1 Carbon fiber wing tube
- 1 Carbon fiber stabilizer tube
- 4 Nylon wing retention bolts
- 10 H9 titanium pushrods/turnbuckles
- 1 set of Dubro wheel collars
- 1 pair of Dubro wheel axles
- 1 HD Dubro pull-pull system
- 1 Set of aluminum control horn assemblies
- 1 50oz Dubro fuel tank
- 12 HD 4/40 Dubro ball links
- 1 Set of additional various marked hardware
- 1 Vinyl graphics package



**If any of these parts are missing immediately contact PAU.**

If you need more information you can visit our support forum at: [flyinggiants.com](http://flyinggiants.com)

## Chapter 2

# Preparation for Assembly

Professionals utilizing premium Ultracote covering carefully covered your model. Due to climate changes during shipping, the models covering may have loosened and/or wrinkled. It's a good habit to go over your model with a covering iron to ensure all joints, seams, and edges are properly sealed.

Ultracote is a lower temperature film that seals and shrinks at lower temperatures. Make sure you set your iron on a low temperature initially to get a feel for the correct temperature setting and adjust accordingly. Higher temperatures will cause your covering to over shrink and distort. Also, use a sock over your iron to ensure a scratch free finish.

### Place an “x” to ensure task completion:

- Go over you model as necessary with a covering iron to insure all joints, seams, and corners are sealed properly.
  
- Use your iron to ensure the areas where cutouts are needed for your hardware are located and sealed down, such as servos; tubes, and control horn mounting locations.



Next, we'll need to cut out the covering at the locations for hardware and final assembly. Make sure you use a sharp hobby knife so your cuts will be clean and straight.

- Start with the fuselage, Locate and cut out the servo and stabilizer tube locations.
  
- Locate and cut the location for the anti-rotation pins and mounting holes for the stabilizers.
  
- Locate and cut the four mounting bolt locations for the canopy and the two pull-pull exits (if you are using the pull-pull setup).



# Chapter 3

## Landing Gear and Tail Wheel Assemblies

Now that we're ready for assembly, we are going to start with the main landing gear first. You will need to locate the following parts to begin assembly.

### Place an "x" to ensure task completion:

- What you will need in this chapter for the main gear:
  - ✓ Main gear
  - ✓ One pair of 4.5" inch wheels
  - ✓ One pair of wheel pants
  - ✓ One pair of wheel pant cuffs
  - ✓ One pair of Dubro axles
  - ✓ Four wheel collars
  - ✓ Hardware pack marked "wheels"
  - ✓ Fuselage
  - ✓ Rudder
  - ✓ Tail wheel assembly

### Not Provided:

- ✓ 1/2" and a 9/16" inch wrench
- ✓ Blue loc-tite
- ✓ Allen wrench for wheel collars
- ✓ White wood glue such as Elmer's or Epoxy



- Slide the wheel cuffs partway onto the main gear.
- Fasten the axles to the main landing gear with the lock nuts.
- Using your four wheel collars and wheels, center your wheels on the axles. Place the collars as close to the wheels as possible but ensure the wheels still rotate freely. Again, we don't want the wheel to move from side to side and contact the wheel pants. Also, we strongly recommend the use of loc-tite on the setscrews of the wheel collars to prevent them from vibrating loose.



- ❑ Install the landing gear to the fuselage using the four 8/32 bolts, spring washers, and flat washers, and compression nuts.



- ❑ With the main gear on, it is time to set the landing gear cuffs. First, cut a slit along the neoprene tubing and slide the tubing onto the top edge of the gear cuffs, where the cuffs will meet the fuselage.
- ❑ Next, take some Goop glue and apply it to the landing gear where the bottom of the cuffs meet the gear.
- ❑ Slide the cuffs up against the fuselage and use tape to hold them in place while the glue sets. Don't set the cuffs too tight against the fuselage, as the gear needs some room to flex without cracking the cuffs.

Now let's get the tail wheel assembly installed.

- ❑ Once the mains are on, find the pre-drilled hole for the tail wheel assembly. Insert the tail wheel assembly and lightly tap in flush with a small hammer.
- ❑ Next, mark the hold down locations, drill and mount them with the four wood screws securing the tail wheel assembly. Remove the wood screws and coat the holes with thin CA, let dry, reinstall.
- ❑ Install the steel tiller horn just behind the hinge line on the bottom of the rudder using the two small wood screws.



***Tip#2 Set aside your two tiller springs, we will install those later after the rudder is mounted.***

- ❑ With the aircraft resting on the landing gear, we are going to need to set the right angle for the wheel pants. We used a 3/4" thick wood board and placed it at the aft end of the wheel pant, resting the pant on the wood. Mark the drilling location for the 4/40 bolts.
- ❑ Drill the holes for the 4/40 bolts in the wheel pants at the locations you've marked.



- ❑ Apply some white wood or epoxy glue to the inner side of the four 4/40 blind nuts and install the blind nuts to the inside of the wheel pants.
- ❑ Now you can install the wheel pants with the 4/40 bolts and washers. Don't forget to use loc-tite here again. Wheel pants tend to take the most vibration.



# Chapter 4

## Canopy and Fuselage Hatch

Place an “x” to ensure task completion:

- ❑ Gather the following for canopy and hatch installation:
  - ✓ Canopy
  - ✓ Fuselage and Access Hatch
  - ✓ 8 small wood screws
  - ✓ Four 4/40 bolts with two sealing washers

Not Provided:

- ✓ Drill and small drill bit for wood screws
- ✓ Canopy glue (optional)
- ✓ Thin CA
- ✓ Ruler



- ❑ Install the hatch on the fuselage using four 6/32 bolts with the self-sealing washers.
- ❑ Trial fit the canopy to the fuselage access hatch to determine screw locations.
- ❑ Mark four evenly spaced locations for the screws on each side. Double check to ensure all the marked screw locations will go into the hatch rail.
- ❑ Remove canopy from the access hatch and drill the marked locations for the canopy screws.



- ❑ Install the canopy using the small wood screws. If satisfied with the fit, remove the canopy and hatch and wick a small amount of thin CA into each of the screws holes on the hatch. Once dried, reinstall canopy with optional canopy glue if desired. The prototype used household Goop Glue to attach the canopy to the hatch, in addition to the small wood screws. **Caution!** CA will fog the canopy if installed before completely drying.



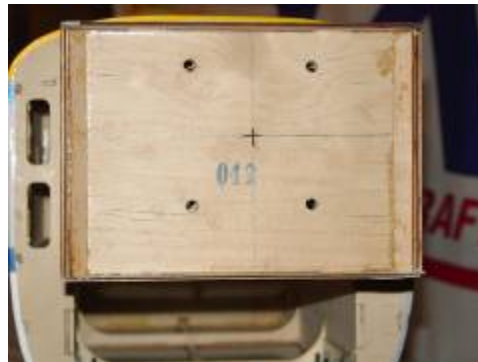
# Chapter 5

## Engine Installation

Your firewall is pre-mounted but our customers can select from a wide variety of engine choices. It is nearly impossible to cover every engine installation choice in this manual but we'll cover a few. Your aircraft was designed around the 150cc to 170cc twin gas engines, as well as 200cc four-cylinder engines. A pipe tunnel is provided and will accommodate canister or tuned pipe installations. If you choose to run tuned pipes, you will need to remove the first air dam in the tunnel, which is designed for canisters.

### DA-150/170 installation

- ❑ The firewall is pre-marked so you'll just need to center your motor in the "+". Take a ruler and draw a line across the entire firewall for the thrust line and offset centerline.
- ❑ **DA-150/170 users only.** Center the motor based on your dimensions and drill out the holes for the 1/4-20 bolts.
- ❑ Mount the engine using 1/2" standoffs for the DA-150/170, 1/4-20 x 2" long bolts, and four blind nuts.



- ❑ Now that you have the engine mounted, mark the locations for the fuel line and throttle push rod. Remove the engine, drill those locations, and reinstall engine.



*We recommend 4/40 push rods for throttle and/or optional choke servo. Also ensure there is no metal-to-metal contact from the throttle/choke to the servos. 2/56 Ball links for 4/40 rod (not included) will prevent the aforementioned metal-to-metal contact and will bolt nicely to your engine's carburetor.*

# Chapter 6

## Cowling installation

Place an “x” to ensure task completion:

- ❑ What you will need in this chapter:
  - ✓ Fuselage and cowling
  - ✓ Four 6/32 bolts with spring and lock washers

Not Provided:

- ✓ A 5” inch spinner
- ✓ A Dremel tool
- ✓ A facemask and eye protection
- ✓ Pencil or dry erase marker



Always wear a mask and eye protection while cutting fiberglass. Take your time while installing the cowl. With care you will end up with a professional installation that will make an impression at the field.

Close the choke and place a piece of tape over the carburetor inlet and exhaust outlet to keep out any dust while setting up your cowl. Since the cowl is preset and uses a ring to mount, there will not be much to do here.

- ❑ First cut out the bottom opening for cooling. For installations using canisters, you will only need to open the bottom of the cowl to exit the air from the cowl. If you're using stock exhaust stacks, it may be necessary to cut away the bottom portion of the cowl-ring for it to pass the exhaust.
- ❑ If using stock mufflers for the DA-150/170, we recommend the compact style.
- ❑ Remove the cowling and cut out the remaining areas to be trimmed.



# Chapter 7

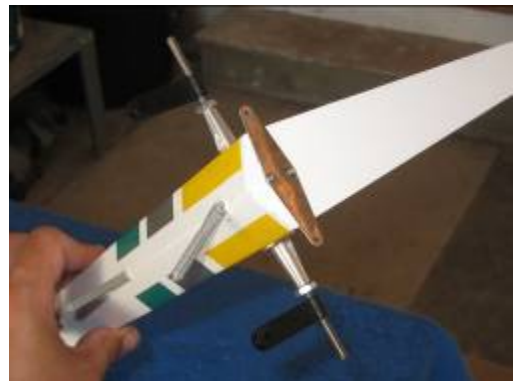
## Rudder Installation

Place an “x” to ensure task completion:

- ❑ What you will need in this chapter:
  - ✓ Rudder and fuse
  - ✓ Pull-pull hardware

Not Provided:

- ✓ 30 to 45 minute epoxy
  - ✓ Two cycle oil
- ❑ Next, we will install the hardware on the rudder before installing it. Find the pre-drilled hard point, remove the covering and insert the longer 6” stainless threaded rod provided and discard the 4” rod.
  - ❑ Install the Dubro fasteners to the rod. Use loc-tite as shown if you are not planning on using the lock nuts.
  - ❑ Now add the control horns placing them at 2” centered from the hinge line. If you are using a rudder pull-pull servo arm larger than 4”, adjust the distance of the horns accordingly.
  - ❑ Now were going to prep the hinges for installation. Take a small drop of oil and place it in each of the pivot points of your hinges. The oil prevents excess epoxy from bonding the joint.
  - ❑ Apply epoxy into the trailing edge holes of the vertical stabilizer. Now apply epoxy to the hinges.
  - ❑ Carefully insert the control surface into the stabilizer and butt the two surfaces together. Move the surface back and forth a couple of times to make sure all the hinges are aligned correctly and the desired throw is attained. You will want at least 45 degrees.
  - ❑ Use some masking tape to hold the surfaces together and let cure for at least eight hours.
  - ❑ Install the tiller springs you set aside in chapter 2 to the tiller horn and tiller.



***Tip#5 Optional step. After your epoxy has cured, it would be a good time to seal all of your hinge gaps prior to installing the rest of the hardware. This can provide you with a better flying aircraft by increasing control surface performance and preventing possible flutter. Clear or matching covering material can be ironed in place to fill any gaps on the bottom of your control surfaces.***

***Take approximately a one-inch strip of covering the length of your surface. Fold it in half while placing into the gap with the control surface fully deflected up and iron it in place. Check to make sure you still have full surface travel once you have completed.***

# Chapter 8

## Hardware Installation

We provide high quality aluminum control horn assemblies included with our latest generation of PAU aircraft kits. We believe these lightweight assemblies are the best available and can also be purchased separately from PAU.

### Place an “x” to ensure task completion:

- ❑ What you will need in this chapter:
  - ✓ The entire airframe
  - ✓ Ten H9 titanium push rods
  - ✓ Ten sets of aluminum control horn assemblies
  - ✓ Ten steel posts
  - ✓ 12 HD Dubro ball links
  - ✓ One 50oz Du-bro fuel tank

### Not Provided:

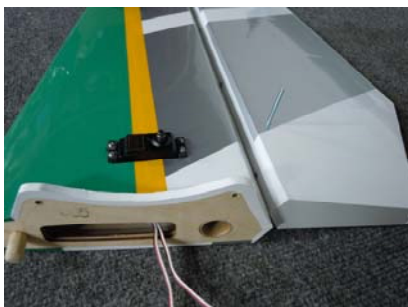
- ✓ Six 150oz or better servos for ailerons
- ✓ Four 200oz or better servos for elevators
- ✓ Two or three servos for rudder equaling 800oz
- ✓ One throttle servo 70oz or better
- ✓ Ten 1.5” aluminum servo arms
- ✓ One or two 3” arms to tie rudder servos
- ✓ One 4” offset rudder servo arm
- ✓ One Fuel dot or other fueling device
- ✓ Some foam rubber for mounting receiver, ignition module, and fuel tank



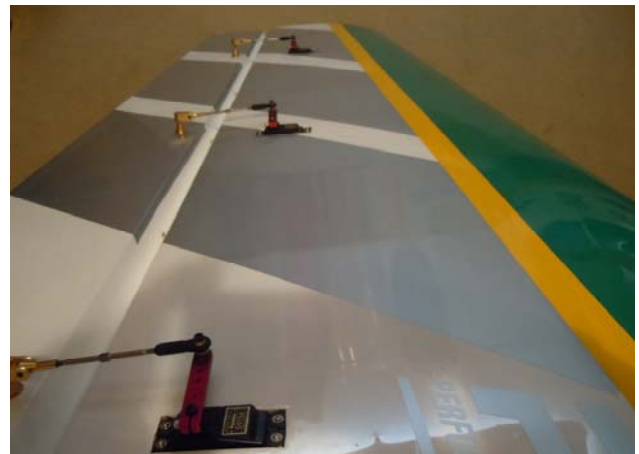
Install all your flight control servos with the output shaft closest to the control surface.

- ❑ Install 6 150oz or better servos for the ailerons in the servo trays located in the bottom of the wings.
- ❑ Install 4 200oz or better servos for the elevators in the servo trays located in the bottom of the horizontal stabilizers.
- ❑ Install two or three equaling 800oz or better servos for the rudder in the servo tray inside the fuselage.
- ❑ Install your throttle and or choke servos in the forward bays provided.
- ❑ First you need to find the pre-drilled holes for the steel posts. Install the aluminum control horn assemblies to each surface with the M4 bolt in the down position. Use blue loc-tite on the aluminum base to ensure the bolt does not try to back out under vibration. Screw on the horns on to the posts.

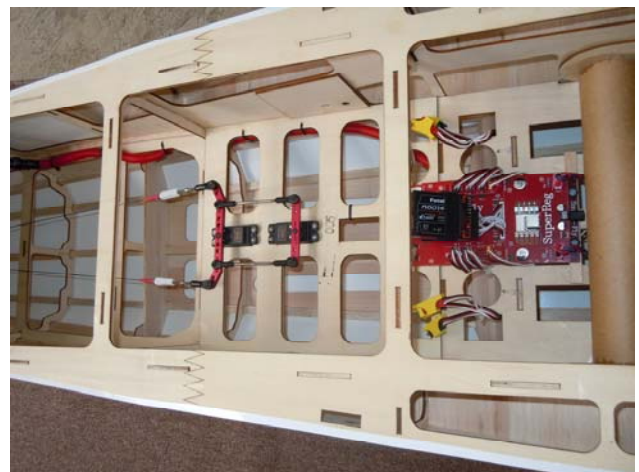
**Do not use loc-tite installing the horn.**



- ❑ Make sure your elevator servos are centered and mount your servo arms parallel to the hinge line.
- ❑ Take some masking tape and tape the elevator counter balances to the stabilizers so that they are in a center position.
- ❑ Screw in your two HD ball links onto the counterclockwise ends of the 2.5" H9 push rods and screw the other end into the control horn. Ensure everything is still centered. Don't forget to add locknuts to the 4/40 bolts attaching the ball link to the arm.
- ❑ Ensure aileron servos are centered and mount your arms parallel to the hinge line.
- ❑ Be sure that you install the horns at the same height from the hinge line (see attached). By doing so you will have very little servo matching to do afterwards.
- ❑ Screw in four HD ball links onto the counterclockwise ends of the 2.5" H9 push rods and screw the other end into the control horn. Ensure everything is still centered. Don't forget to add locknuts to the 4/40 bolts, attaching the ball links to the arms.



- ❑ Ensure your rudder servo is centered and mount your rudder servo arm.
- ❑ Two Futaba 9157 servos were used on our test aircraft. You will need additional servo arms to tie the two or three servos together as well as a servo matching device.



- ❑ Install your pull-pull cable using the 60lbs leader provided. Cables should be crossed to avoid any rubbing on the exits. It is normal for the non-pulling side of the cable to s is deflected.
- ❑ Install your tiller springs you set aside earlier.



- ❑ Determine whether you want a two or three-line setup. With a two-line setup you will need an additional “T” fitting in the carburetor line that connects to your fuel dot or fueling device. Make sure you use Tygon fuel tubing inside the tank for the clunk as well.

- ❑ Install the fuel tank just in front of the wing tube using zip-ties or hook and latch (Velcro) straps. Place a loop in the vent line over the top of the tank to prevent fuel loss during flight and improve flight times. Take small zip-ties or fuel line clamps and fasten to all the points where the fuels lines connect.



- ❑ Locate the receiver switch. Some scrap lite ply may be used as a doubler where the switches are mounted.

- ❑ Install the fuel-filling device in a location of your choice. In this case, we installed it just front of the right side receiver switch.



- ❑ Install your throttle push rod. Again as mentioned earlier, we do not want metal-to-metal contact at the attachment point on the engine. Use a 4/40-rod with a 2/56 ball link for 4/40 rod to attach the push rod to the motor.
- ❑ Once satisfied with your throttle setup, mount the cowl using the four 8/32 bolts provided and attach the prop and spinner.



- ❑ Install the horizontal stabilizers at this time. Install the carbon fiber stabilizer tube. Slide in each half and secure them with the four 4/40 retention bolts.
- ❑ Install the horizontal stabilizers at this time. Install the carbon fiber stabilizer tube. Slide in each half and secure them with the four 4/40 retention bolts.
- ❑ Let's install the wings at this time and check our center of gravity (CG). Install the carbon fiber wing tube. Slide in each wing panel and secure them with the four nylon wing retention bolts.



***Tip#8 If the wing is tight you can coat the tube with a little baby powder to aid the insertion of the wing panels.***

***Tip#9 For added protection in case the wing retention bolts back out during flight; you can add hitch pins to the anti-rotation pins of the wing. With the wings installed, mark the anti-rotation pins 1/4 inch from the fuselage side. Remove the wings and drill a small hole in the anti-rotation pins. You can find appropriate sized hitch pins at most local hardware stores. Re-install wings and insert the hitch pins for added protection. While this step provides extra protection, we have not had problems with wing bolts backing out in the prototype aircraft.***

Now we're ready to check the CG and install your remaining hardware. We recommend the CG be located in the middle of the wing tube as an excellent all-around CG for precision and 3D flight.

- ❑ Check CG at this time and place your batteries and remaining hardware in locations to attain the desired CG. If satisfied, mount your remaining hardware.

Congratulations! You have just completed assembly of your Extra 300SP. Now would be a good time to install the optional vinyl graphics included with your kit.

## Chapter 9

# Radio and Control Surface Setup

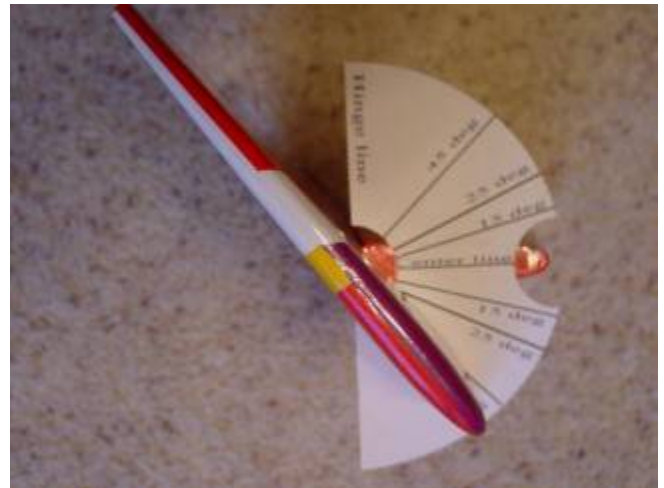
Now we are ready to setup your aircraft for flying. Included in this manual are templates for measuring surface throw you may use if desired. We recommend that you setup your aircraft on low rates for initial flights until you become familiar with the aircraft and its capabilities.

### The recommended low rates for this aircraft are:

20 degrees for ailerons with 0 to 20% expo  
12 degrees for elevators with 0 to 20% expo  
30 degrees for rudder with 0 to 20% expo

### The recommended high rates for this aircraft are:

35 degrees for ailerons with 40 to 70% expo  
45 degrees for elevators with 40 to 70% expo  
45 degrees for rudder with 30 to 70% expo  
**...or as much as you can stand for hardcore flyers!**



### Place an "x" to ensure task completion:

- ❑ What you will need in this chapter:
  - ✓ Completed airframe
  - ✓ Radio
  - ✓ Throw templates or meter
- ❑ Cut out the templates for surface throw. These should be located on the last page of this manual.
- ❑ Tape each one in place using the horizontal line as a reference point to each stabilizer at the counter balance and at the inside of the wings where the ailerons meet.
- ❑ Set your throws accordingly. Double check to make sure nothing is binding to include the throttle and or choke servos and their linkages. Also, ensure all surfaces and controls are moving in the proper directions.



# Chapter 10

## Final Inspection and Pre-Flight

Welcome to the final chapter prior to your maiden flight! We hope you have enjoyed building your Extra.

**Let's go over the airframe and perform a pre-flight to make sure everything is in order.**

- Inspect the airframe for any visible damage and loose covering that may have occurred during the build.
- Inspect the main landing gear and tail wheel assembly. Ensure all mounting hardware and collars are fastened properly.
- Inspect your motor installation and cowl to ensure all bolts are tight and the muffler is firmly mounted in place. Check the motor and muffler for possible contact with the cowl. Inspect ignition module and spark plug wire for proper mounting. Check propeller and spinner to ensure they are both secure.
- Inspect the inside of the fuselage to ensure your batteries, switches, regulators (if equipped), fuel tank and lines are securely fastened. Check nylon wing bolts to ensure they are in place and secured.
- Inspect all control surfaces and control surface hardware. Gently tug on each surface to make sure the hinges are properly bonded. Check the four 4/40 horizontal stabilizer fasteners and ensure they're in place and secured.
- Check all servos for mounting screws. Check servo arm mounting screws and inspect that the 4/40 links have been secured with lock nuts.
- Fill fuel tank and inspect for any leaks.
- Check your batteries in both your aircraft and radio to ensure they are fully charged
- Turn on radio to inspect all controls for binding, proper direction and throw while on high rates.
- Re-check CG. It should not be behind the wing tube for initial flights.
- Secure the aircraft using a buddy or hold down and start the engine according to the manufacturer's guidelines. Don't forget to set your throttle to idle prior to ignition.
- Perform a proper range check with the engine running, using your radio manufacturer's instructions.
- Make sure you set low rates for your maiden takeoff and enjoy!

This concludes your pre-flight checks. After your maiden flight, repeat these steps to perform a post flight to ensure nothing has loosened. It's always a good habit to use a checklist like this one to go over your aircraft prior to the first flight of the day.

## Flying!

We believe you will find this aircraft finest aircraft you've ever flown. High-alpha stability gives you solid control and confidence to bring it right down on the deck! For contest flying such as IMAC, a CG on the wing tube offers great precision and little coupling.



**Every airplane has structural limits**, and the larger the plane is, the more critical it is to understand and respect these limits. This is particularly true for 3D aerobatic planes, since by design, these planes are light weight, are over powered, and have oversized control surfaces.

Pilots need to use proper throttle management, and avoid high speed when executing high stress maneuvers such as Walls, Parachutes and Blenders. As a general rule, the throttle must be at idle position whenever the nose is pointed down (whether at vertical or 45 degrees down line).

Planes must be inspected frequently, looking for any loosening screws, bolts and glue joints. Servos and linkages must be free of play or "slop", as this is a major cause of flutter (and crashes).

Understanding and applying these few safety and maintenance guidelines will help you get many enjoyable and rewarding flights with your Giant Scale Plane.

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We hope this aircraft offers you many years of enjoyment. Thank you again for choosing PAU and look for exciting future products.

### **Additional products from PAU:**

- 43% Edge 540
- 36% Edge 540.
- 35% Extra 300SP
- 30% Extra 300SP
- 30% Edge 540
- 27% Pitts Challenger.
- 27% Pitts Bulldog
- 37% Ultimate Biplane.

Additionally, PAU carries a complete line of high performance laminated props, lightweight spinners, and more!

New! Aluminum Hardware sets that weighs next to nothing. Time to chuck your old stuff, it's now obsolete! Something bigger this way comes! Stay tuned.

# Throw Template

If printing from Adobe, turn off page scaling.

Cut out around all the dotted lines.

